

GROUP HOMEWORK #2

CHEM 121, section 1, winter 2015.

Printed Name: _____

Background and Chp. 12

Homework Due DEC. 15, 2014, 12:15 PM!

Group Name: _____

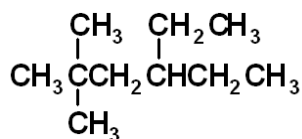
1. (2 pts. total) Give the number of constitutional isomers possible in following alkanes.

- | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|
| a) CH_4 | _____ | d) C_4H_{10} | _____ | g) C_7H_{16} | _____ |
| b) C_2H_6 | _____ | e) C_5H_{12} | _____ | h) C_8H_{18} | _____ |
| c) C_3H_8 | _____ | f) C_6H_{14} | _____ | i) C_9H_{20} | _____ |

2. (1 pts. total) Give the IUPAC name of the following branched alkane:
 $\text{CH}_3\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$

- a) Expanded condensed formula:
- b) Line-angle formula:
- c) Branched Alkyl groups and their names:
- d) IUPAC name of the compound:

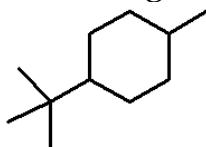
3. (3 pts) Identify the type of carbon atoms in the following structure



4. (3 pts) Complete combustion reaction of following alkanes.

- a) CH_4
- b) C_4H_{10}
- c) C_5H_{12}

5. (3 pts) IUPAC name of the following substituted cycloalkane



6. (3 pts) Give the common/IUPAC names of following substituted alkanes:

	Common	IUPAC
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- | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|
| a) CH_2Cl_2 | _____ | _____ |
| b) CHCl_3 | _____ | _____ |
| d) CCl_3F | _____ | _____ |
| e) CCl_2F_2 | _____ | _____ |

7. (3 pts) Define following types of terms used in describing isomerism:

a) Isomers:

An example:

b) Constitutional isomers:

An example:

c) Conformational stereoisomers:

An example:

d) Geometric stereoisomers:

An example:

e) Optical stereoisomers (d and l Enantiomers):

An example:

8. Describe the conformational isomerism in following alknes:

a) Butane, C_4H_{10} :

b) Cyclopentane, C_5H_{10} :

c) Cyclohexane C_6H_{12} :

8) Calculate the units of unsaturation in following hydrocarbons

a) Butane, C_4H_{10} :

b) Cyclopentane, C_5H_{10} :

c) Ethene (ethylene), C_2H_4 :

d) Cyclohexa-1,3,5-triene (Benzene), C_6H_6 :